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REMARKS

Claims 1-4 and 8-9 are currently pending in the application. The specification and claims 4 and 9 have been amended. The amendments are discussed in the relevant sections below, and find support in the specification as originally filed and in the documents from which priority is claimed. No new matter is added.

The rejection of claim 8 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, claims 1-2 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, claims 1-4 and 8-9 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) and claims 1-4 and 8-9 on double patenting grounds are not addressed here. Instead, Applicant has filed herewith a Notice of Appeal. These rejections will be addressed at a later date.

The following amendments address various formalities regarding the specification, and do not introduce any new requirements for additional search or consideration on the part of the Examiner. Their entry is therefore respectfully requested.

Sequence Compliance

The Examiner states that SEQ ID NO:10 of the sequence Listing does not correspond to the sequence shown in Fig. 18B.

In U.S. App. No. 09/335,225, Applicant has been requested to review all sequences disclosed in the specification in this and all related cases. This Applicant has done. In view of the disclosure of sequences in U.S. App. No. 60/089,689 (filed June 17, 1998), 60/126,175 (filed March 25, 1999), U.S. App. No. 09/335,224 (filed June 17, 1999), and in the present case as originally filed, Applicant submits herewith (1) an amendment to the specification at page 44, lines 3-5, (2) substitute Figs. 18A and 18B, and (3) a substitute Sequence Listing. The individual amendments made are itemized and discussed below. Applicant submits that the amendments contain no new matter, and are described in the application and priority documents as originally filed. Applicant respectfully requests entry of the amendments into the application.

Tumstatin Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:10)

Applicant has found that the amino acid sequence for full-length Tumstatin was first presented in U.S. App. No. 60/089,689, filed June 17, 1998, as an amino acid sequence of 244

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amino acid residues. Figs. 9 and 10 of U.S. App. No. 60/089,689, provided herewith as Exhibit A, shows nucleotide and amino sequences of the HGA3.3 exons of human α3(IV) cDNA. The description for Fig. 9, on page 4, lines 27-33, of U.S. App. No. 60/089,689, states that "Tumstatin begins at about residue 42 ("*"), and ends at about residue 285 ("**")." In Fig. 9, the amino acid sequence demarcated by "*" and "**" begins with "GLKG" and ends with "KKRH."

In U.S. App. No. 09/335,224, the sequences depicted in Fig. 9 of U.S. App. No. 60/089,689 were split into two figures, depicting the nucleic acid sequence (Fig. 16A, SEQ ID NO:9) and the amino acid sequence (Fig. 16B, SEQ ID NO:10) of Tumstatin. These drawings were presented in the present case as Figs. 18A and 18B.

In U.S. App. No. 09/335,224, Fig. 16B as originally filed did not begin with the sequence at the "*" symbol of Fig. 9 of U.S. App. No. 60/089,689, but instead began with the first complete line of text in which the Tumstatin protein sequence began in Fig. 9 of that application, with the amino acid residues making up the Tumstatin protein sequence indicated by a handwritten circle. The text in the specification at page 17, lines 1-2 us U.S. App. No. 09/335,224 referred to the entire sequence in the drawing, in an error made with no deceptive intent. During the preparation of the formal drawings, a clerical error resulted in this handwritten circle being ignored, resulting in the inadvertent inclusion of the amino acid residue "P" at the beginning of the Tumstatin protein. Formal Fig. 16B, filed on November 22, 1999 therefore depicted the beginning of the Tumstatin protein sequence as "PGLKG" rather than "GLKG", resulting in a protein of 245 amino acids, rather than 244. The Sequence Listing submitted on November 22, 1999 likewise included the same error.

A substitute Fig. 16A, 16B and substitute Sequence Listing have been filed in U.S. App. No. 09/335,224.

Submitted herewith is an amendment to the specification at page 44, lines 3-5, and a substitute formal Fig. 18B, with the Tumstatin protein sequence depicted as starting with the residues "GLKG" rather than "PGLKG". The substitute Fig. 18B is therefore in accordance with the depiction of this sequence in Fig. 9 of U.S. App. No. 60/089,689, and substitute Fig. 16B in U.S. App. No. 09/335,224. The Sequence Listing submitted on February 8, 2001 correctly

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presented SEQ ID NO:10 as being 244 amino acids long. The substitute Sequence Listing filed herewith also lists this protein as 244 amino acids in length.

Tumstatin Nucleic Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:9)

The inadvertent error discussed above was also made with the Tumstatin nucleic acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:9) which is depicted in Fig. 18A. Originally-filed Fig. 18A states at the bottom, "pET22bα3(IV) NC1 4-735", indicating that it was nucleotides 4-735 that were cloned into the pET22b vector as described in Example 23.

The various appearances of the Tumstatin nucleic acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:9) are listed below, with the changes over U.S. App. No. 60/089,689 indicated by boxes:

```
U.S. App. No. 60/089,689:
(1) Fig. 9:
                                               5'-ggt-ttg-aaa-gga-aaa-cgt-gga-...-3'
U.S. App. No. 60/126,175:
(2) Fig. 9:
                                               5'-ggt-ttg-aaa-gga-aaa-cgt-gga-...-3'
U.S. App. No. 09/335,224
(as originally filed):
(3) Fig. 16A:
                                               5'-ggt-ttg-aaa-gga-aaa-cgt-gga-...-3'
U.S. App. No. 09/335,224:
(as in Amendment of 11/22/99)
(4) in formal Fig. 16A:
                                           5'-cca-ggt-ttg-aaa-gga-aaa-cgt-gga-...-3'
(5) in Sequence Listing (SEQ ID NO:9):
                                           5'-cca-ggt-ttg-aaa-gga-aaa-cgt-gga-...-3'
U.S. App. No. 09/335,224:
(as in Amendment filed 08/08/02)
(6) substitute Fig. 16A:
                                               5'-ggt-ttg-aaa-gga-aaa-cgt-gga-...-3'
(7) substitute Sequence Listing (SEQ ID NO:9) 5'-ggt-ttg-aaa-gga-aaa-cgt-gga-...-3'
```

As can be seen above, an extra codon ("CCA") was inadvertently introduced at the beginning of SEQ ID NO:9 in the present case during the preparation of the formal drawings and the Sequence Listing.

The substitute Fig. 18A and substitute Sequence Listing filed herewith correct SEQ ID NO:9 by removal of the nucleotides "CCA" at the beginning of the sequence, thereby returning this sequence to that depicted in Fig. 9 of U.S. App. No. 60/089,689.

Applicant has also found that SEQ ID NO:11, presented on page 108, line 15 of the present application, had an error introduced during the preparation of formal Fig. 18A.

Specifically, the nucleotide "G" at position 9 of this sequence was incorrectly copied as "A" in

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Fig. 18A. In addition, during the preparation of the present application, this sequence was replaced in the text as "CGG GAT CCA...". It is amended herein to "CGG GAT CCG...", as it was presented in U.S. App. No. 09/335,224. The depiction of SEQ ID NO:11 in the substitute formal Fig. 18A and the substitute Sequence Listing, both filed herewith, matches the original presentation of this sequence in the priority document.

Summary of Changes To Specification, Figs. 18A, 18B and Sequence Listing

The specification at page 44, lines 3-5 has been amended to state that Tumstatin 333 and 334 run from amino acids 1 to 124 and 125 to 244 of SEQ ID NO:10, respectively.

The specification at page 105, line 8 has been amended to present SEQ ID NO:11 as beginning with "CGG GAT CCG...", rather then "CGG GAT CCA...".

Exhibit B is a marked-up version of Fig. 18A as it was filed with the application on April 4, 2000. It shows that (1) SEQ ID NO:11 has been corrected from "CGG-GAT-CCA..." to "CGG-GAT-CCG...", (2) "CCA" has been removed from the beginning of SEQ ID NO:9, (3) the α3 chain has been corrected as running from nucleotides 1 through 732, (4) Turnstatin 333 has corrected as running from nucleotides 1 through 372, and (5) Turnstatin 334 has been corrected as running from nucleotides 373 through 732.

Exhibit C is marked-up version of formal Fig. 18B as it was filed with the application on April 4, 2000, and shows that (1) the amino acid residue "P" has been removed from the beginning of SEQ ID NO:10, (2) the length of the protein is now 244 amino acids, (3) the α3 chain has been corrected as running from residues 1 through 244, (4) Tumstatin 333 has been corrected as running from residues 1 through 124, and (5) Tumstatin 334 has been corrected as running from residues 125 through 244.

Exhibit D is a copy of pages 5-8 of the Sequence Listing as it was filed February 8, 2001, marked up to show the corrections made in the Sequence Listing filed herewith. It shows that in SEQ ID NO:9, (1) the first three nucleotides ("CCA") have been removed, (2) the coding sequence (CDS) has been corrected to run from nucleotides 1 to 732, (3) Tumstatin N53 has been corrected to run from nucleotides 160 to 732, (4) Tumstatin 333 has been corrected to run from nucleotides 373 to

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732, and (6) SEQ ID NO:10, which was correctly presented as being 244 amino acids long in the Sequence Listing of February 8, 2001, is presented the same way in the substitute Sequence Listing filed herewith.

Applicants submit that in view of the foregoing remarks, all issues relevant to sequence compliance have been addressed, and request that the objection on this basis be withdrawn.

<u>Information</u> Disclosure Statement

The Examiner states that the Information Disclosure Statement filed January 4, 2002 has not been considered because it failed to comply with 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(c) because it lacked the fee under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(p) and the statement under 37 C.F.R.§ 1.97(e). Applicants respectfully submit that this is not true.

37 C.F.R. 1.97(c) states that:

An information disclosure statement <u>shall be</u> considered by the Office if filed after the period specified in paragraph (b) of this section, provided that the information disclosure statement is filed before the mailing date of any of a final action under § 1.113, and notice of allowance under § 1.311, or an action that otherwise closes prosecution in the application, and it is accompanied by one of:

- (1) The statement specified in paragraph (e) of this section; or
- (2) The fee set forth in $\S 1.17(p)$.

(emphasis added).

Applicants note that in the Information Disclosure Statement filed on January 4, 2002, the Office had been authorized to charge any necessary fees to a particular Deposit Account. Applicants respectfully submit that any required fees should have been taken from the Deposit Account according to 37 C.F.R. § 1.25(b), which states that:

(b) Filing, issue, appeal, international-type search report, international application processing, petition, and post-issuance fees may be charged against these accounts if sufficient funds are on deposit to cover such fees. A general authorization to charge all fees, or only certain fees, set forth in §§ 1.16 to 1.18 to a deposit account containing sufficient funds may be filed in an individual application, either for the entire pendency of the application or with a particular paper filed.

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The Information Disclosure Statement filed on January 4, 2002 should therefore have been considered by the Office, and not simply "placed in the application file." Applicant also notes that in section 17 of the present Office Action, the Examiner has accepted Applicant's provision of two related applications that were listed in the Information Disclosure Statement, but has simply chosen not to consider the other references cited therein.

Applicants re-submit the Information Disclosure Statement herewith, with the statement under 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(e) that as of January 4, 2002, all of the items listed on the form PTO-1449 submitted on January 4, 2002 were listed on the International Search Report for related application PCT/US01/00565, which, as of January 4, 2002, was mailed not more than three months prior to the January 4, 2002 filing of the Information Disclosure Statement. The fee under 37 C.F.R. §1.17(p) is also enclosed herewith.

Applicants are therefore re-submitting the Information Disclosure Statement of January 4, 2002 under 37 C.F.R. § 1.(d), which requires both the fee and the statement. Applicants respectfully submit that the requirements of 37 C.F.R. § 1.97 have been complied with, and request that the Information Disclosure Statement and the references cited therein be considered.

Title of Application

Applicants have amended the title to: "Anti-Angiogenic alpha-v-beta-3 Integrin-Binding Collagen Peptides and Methods of Use Thereof". Acceptance of the amendment to the title and withdrawal of the rejection on this basis are respectfully requested.

Abstract

Applicant has amended the Abstract. Acceptance of the new Abstract and withdrawal of the rejection on this basis are respectfully requested.

Priority Claims

The Examiner has stated that the priority date of claims 1-3 is June 17, 1999, the filing date of U.S. App. No. 09/335,224, and that the priority date of claims 4 and 8-9 is April 4, 2000, the date of the present application.

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Claims 8 is amended herein to recite an isolated fragment having the sequence of amino acids 1 to 124 of SEQ ID NO:10. As claim 8 as presently amended effectively recites the sequence of Tumstatin 333, which is presented in U.S. App. No. 09/335,224, Applicant respectfully submits that the priority date of claim 8 is at least as early as June 17, 1999.

In the Reply to the Office Action of June 5, 2001, Applicant noted that the Examiner has not met the initial burden (as set out in the "Guidelines for Examination of Patent Applications Under the 35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶1, 'Written Description' Requirement" (Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 4, January 5, 2001) of presenting evidence or reasoning as to why persons skilled in the art would not recognize in the original disclosure a description of the invention defined by the claims, that is, fragments of the sequences described, especially given that the priority documents discuss that fragments of the full-length proteins can have the same properties as their parent molecules, and given that exactly such fragments were presented in U.S. App. No. 09/335,224. Methods of subdividing protein sequences and of testing the resulting peptides are well-known in the art, and Applicant used precisely such well-known methods to produce the fragments now claimed. The disclosures of the prior application would therefore "reasonably convey" (as required in Ex parte Sorenson, 3.U.S.P.Q.2d 1462 (Bd. Pat. App. Interf. 1987)) to one of ordinary skill in the art that the properties described could be found in fragments of the full-length proteins.

The Examiner has concluded, however, that the disclosure of a genus of anti-angiogenic fragments in the priority documents does not provide support for the species of precise fragments disclosed in later applications, and relies on several cases, including *Purdue Pharma L.P. v. Faulding Inc.*, 230 F.3d 1320, 56 U.S.P.Q.2d 1481 (Fed. Cir. 2000); *In re Ruschig*, 379 F.2d 990, 154 U.S.P.Q. 118 (C.C.P.A. 1967); *Fujikawa v. Wattanasin*, 93 F.3d 1559, 39 U.S.P.Q.2d 1895 (Fed. Cir. 1996); *Martin v. Mayer*, 823 F.2d 500, 3 U.S.P.Q.2d 1333 (Fed. Cir. 1987); *Jepson v. Coleman*, 314 F.2d 533, 136 U.S.P.Q. 647 (C.C.P.A. 1963).

The Court in *Purdue Pharma* discussed *Ruschig*, noting that the specification at issue in *Ruschig* disclosed a half a million compounds, with no guidance leading one to a particular claimed compound. The Court in *Ruschig* addressed the issue of whether a claim to the specific compound N-(p-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-N'-propylurea was supported by a disclosure which

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listed reagents for the preparation of chlorpropamide, where, if one happened to choose, for each of three different required chemicals, one specific compound from the various alternative chemicals presented, the synthesis would *just happen* to produce the claimed compound N-(p-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-N'-propylurea ("If the proper choices of the three variables . . . are made, the compound in question is produced" (at 121)).

The situation in *Ruschig* is not in any way analogous to the present application. In *Ruschig*, the majority of the "choices" in starting materials for synthesis of the claimed compound would not even have resulted in that compound. In contrast, in the present application and the priority documents, Applicant clearly set forth three proteins of finite length (Arresten, Canstatin, Tumstatin), where the proteins possessed a specific, readily-assayable property (anti-angiogenicity). Applicant also disclosed in the present application and the priority documents that claimed fragments of these proteins that also possessed the same property were to be considered part of the invention. Unlike *Ruschig*, where there were no specific pointers to the claimed compound, Applicant clearly indicated that a number of the further subdivisionas of each of the anti-angiogenic proteins were likely, expected even, to possess the same activity. All that was required was that the inactive portions be carved away.

Fujikawa was an interference involving two counts, one to a genus of mevalolactones, and one to a method of using same to inhibit cholesterol biosynthesis. Fujikawa, the senior party, appealed both the award of priority to Wattanasin, and also the denial of the addition of a sub-genus count. Being an interference, Fujikawa was required to find the support for such a sub-genus in the disclosure of Wattanasin. Both parties agreed that the *individual* constituents recited in the proposed sub-genus count were adequately represented in Wattanasin's application, however, the Board held that there was insufficient indication that would lead one to assemble the individual consituents into the proposed sub-genus. In other words, there was insufficient disclosure to indicate to one of ordinary skill that a sub-genus of particular compounds was to be differentiated from the overall genus.

Like *Ruschig*, the situation addressed in *Fujikawa* is not applicable here. Applicant has always maintained that one of ordinary skill could easily isolate anti-angiogenic fragments of the overall proteins according to the guidance <u>already provided in the priority applications</u>. No

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additional guidance or characteristics are needed to isolate new anti-angiogenic fragments of the overall proteins. Both *Fujikawa* and *Ruschig* are therefore inapposite.

Martin is another case involving an interference. Martin, the junior party, appealed the issue of whether Mayer (whose specification disclosed a cable of a particular construction) could present a count to a harness composed of a plurality of the cables without pointing to the support for same. Like the above cases, Applicant's disclosure is not analogous to the facts of Martin.

Martin involved whether disclosure of a cable supported claims to a device (a harness) made out of the cables. Applicant's disclosure, in contrast, is to particular full-length proteins with a defined activity, and fragments of those proteins also possessing the activity.

The present application is easily distinguished from these cases in that Applicant has disclosed specific proteins with an unusual property, noting that the same property was likely to reside in subdivisions of the proteins. Applicant produced exactly such fragments which did indeed possess the property, using the methods disclosed in the specification. Furthermore, one of ordinary skill in the art (or a potential infringer) could also have easily done so.

Applicant further notes that U.S. App. No. 09/335,224 has an identical counterpart International Application that was published as WO 99/65940. One of ordinary skill, upon reading that disclosure, would have all of the information needed to isolate and assay additional anti-angiogenic fragments, including those disclosed in the present application. Under the Examiner's reasoning, anyone can use the teachings of WO 99/65940 to isolate anti-angiogenic fragments, while Applicant would be prevented from protecting the fruits of his discovery and would be afforded only later priority dates for those same fragments. The Examiner's conclusions effectively gives free rein to copyists, and would discourage applicants from allowing publication of their applications, and encourage protection by secrecy, rather than patent.

Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the refusal of priority on these grounds be reconsidered and withdrawn.

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Objection to the Specification and Antecedent Basis

The Examiner has objected to the specification as failing to provide antecedent basis for claim 8.

Claim 8 has been amended, obviating the objection.

Objection to the Specification Regarding Hyperlinks

September 11, 2002

The Examiner has objected to the specification because it includes embedded hyperlinks.

The specification has been amended, obviating the objection.

Applicants respectfully request entry of the above amendments.

Date:

Respectfully submitted

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MARKED-UP VERSION OF AMENDMENTS:

Specification Amendments Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.121(b)(1)(iii)

Please replace the Title with the Title as shown below, which is marked up by way of bracketing and underlining to show the changes relative to the previous version of the Title:

Anti-Angiogenic <u>alpha-v-beta-3 Integrin-Binding Collagen</u>

<u>Peptides [Proteins and Fragments] and Methods of Use Thereof</u>

Please replace the Abstract with the Abstract as shown below, which is marked up by way of bracketing and underlining to show the changes relative to the previous version of the Abstract:

Anti-angiogenic proteins and peptides isolated from the non-Goodpasture region of $\alpha 3$ (IV) NC1 domain of collagen are disclosed, which have the ability to bind $\alpha_v \beta_3$ integrin, and/or inhibit proliferation of endothelial cells. [Proteins with anti-angiogenic properties are disclosed, and fragments thereof, and methods of using those proteins and fragments to inhibit or promote angiogenisis.]

Please replace the paragraph at page 20, lines 17 through 22, with the paragraph below, which is marked up by way of bracketing and underlining to show the changes relative to the previous version of the paragraph:

Figs. 24A, 24B, 24C and 24D are a set of <u>four histograms</u> [fourhistograms] showing binding of HUVEC cells to plates coated

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with Tumstatin (Fig. 24A), or controls of type IV collagen (Fig. 24B), vitronectin (Fig. 24C) or laminin-1 (Fig. 24A) in the presence of integrin subunits α_1 through α_6 , β_1 , or $\alpha_V\beta_3$ integrin blocking antibody. The plate coating is listed at the top of each graph, and the antibodies used for incubation are on the x-axis of each graph. BSA-coated plates were used as negative controls.

Please replace the paragraph at page 43, line 23 through page 44, line 5, with the paragraph below, which is marked up by way of bracketing and underlining to show the changes relative to the previous version of the paragraph:

One such fragment, designated "Tumstatin N-53", was found to have anti-angiogenic activity equivalent to that of fulllength Tumstatin, as determined by standard assays. Tumstatin N-53 comprises a Tumstatin molecule wherein the N-terminal 53 amino acids have been deleted. Other mutant fragments described herein have been found to have very high levels of anti-angiogenic activity, as shown by the assays described herein. These fragments, "Tumstatin 333," "Tumstatin 334," "12 kDa Arresten fragment," "8 kDa Arresten fragment," and "10 kDa Canstatin fragment" have ED₅₀ values of 75 ng/ml, 20 ng/ml, 50 ng/ml, 50 ng/ml, and 80 ng/ml, respectively. By contrast, full-length Arresten, Canstatin and Tumstatin were found to have ED₅₀ values of 400 ng/ml, 400 ng/ml, and 550 ng/ml, respectively. Tumstatin 333 comprises amino acids 1[2] to 124[125] of SEQ ID NO:10, and Tumstatin 334 comprises amino acids 125[126] to 244[245] of SEQ ID NO:10.

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Please replace the paragraph at page 47, lines 20 through 26 with the paragraph below, which is marked up by way of bracketing and underlining to show the changes relative to the previous version of the paragraph:

Identity is often measured using sequence analysis software *e.g.*, BLASTN or BLASTP (available at the world wide web site ("www") for the National Center for Biotechnology Information (".ncbi") of the National Institutes of Health (".nih") of the U.S. government (".gov"), in the "/BLAST/" directory [http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/]). The default parameters for comparing two sequences (*e.g.*, "Blast"-ing two sequences against each other[, http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gorf/bl2.html]) by BLASTN (for nucleotide sequences) are reward for match = 1, penalty for mismatch = -2, open gap = 5, extension gap = 2. When using BLASTP for protein sequences, the default parameters are reward for match = 0, penalty for mismatch = 0, open gap = 11, and extension gap = 1.

Please replace the paragraph at page 105, line 2 through page 106, line 7 with the paragraph below, which is marked up by way of bracketing and underlining to show the changes relative to the previous version of the paragraph:

The nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:9) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:10) sequences for the α3 chain of the NC1 domain of Type IV collagen are shown in Figs. 18A and 18B, respectively. The sequence encoding Tumstatin was amplified by PCR from the α3 NCI (IV)/pDS vector (Neilson, E.G. et al., 1993, J. Biol. Chem. 268:8402-5; GenBank Accession Nos. M92993 (Quinones, S. et al., 1994), M81379 (Turner, N. et al., 1994), and X80031 (Leionin,

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A.K., and Mariyama, M. et al., 1998)) using the forward primer 5'-CGG GAT <u>CCG</u> [CCA] GGT TTG AAA GGA AAA CGT-3' (SEQ ID NO:11) and the reverse primer 5'- CCC AAG CTT TCA GTG TCT TTT CTT CAT-3' (SEQ ID NO:12). The resulting cDNA fragment was digested with BamHI and HindIII and ligated into predigested pET22b(+) (Novagen, Madison, Wisconsin, USA). The construct is shown in Fig. 19. The ligation placed Tumstatin downstream of and in-frame with the pelB leader sequence, allowing for periplasmic localization and expression of soluble protein. Additional vector sequence was added to the protein encoding amino acids MDIGINSD (SEQ ID NO:13). The 3' end of the sequence was ligated in-frame with the polyhistidine tag sequence. Additional vector sequence between the 3' end of the cDNA and the his-tag encoded the amino acids KLAAALE (SEQ ID NO:14). Positive clones were sequenced on both strands. Plasmid constructs encoding Tumstatin were first transformed into E. coli HMS174 (Novagen, Madison, Wisconsin, USA) and then transformed into BL21 for expression (Novagen, Madison, Wisconsin, USA). Overnight bacterial culture was used to inoculate a 500 ml culture in LB medium (Fisher Scientific, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA). This culture was grown for approximately 4 hours until the cells reached an OD_{600} of 0.6. Protein expression was then induced by addition of IPTG to a final concentration of 1 mM. After a 2-hour induction, cells were harvested by centrifugation at 5,000 x g and lysed by resuspension in 6 M guanidine, 0.1 M NaH₂PO₄, 0.01 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0. Resuspended cells were sonicated briefly, and centrifuged at 12,000 x g for 30 minutes. The supernatant fraction was passed over a 5 ml Ni-NTA agarose column (Qiagen, Hilden, Germany)

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4-6 times at a speed of 2 ml per minute. Non-specifically bound protein was removed by washing with both 10 mM and 25 mM imidazole in 8 M urea, 0.1 M NaH₂PO₄, 0.01 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0. Tumstatin protein was eluted from the column with increasing concentrations of imidazole (50 mM, 125 mM, and 250 mM) in 8 M urea, 0.1 M NaH₂PO₄, 0.01 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0. The eluted protein was dialyzed twice against PBS at 4°C. A portion of the total protein precipitated during dialysis. Dialyzed protein was collected and centrifuged at approximately 3,500 x g and separated into insoluble (pellet) and soluble (supernatant) fractions.

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Claim Amendments Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.121(c)(1)(ii)

Please amend claims 4 and 9 as follows:

- (Twice Amended) An isolated fragment of α3(IV) NC1 domain, having the amino acid sequence of amino acid residue 53 [54] to amino acid 123 [124] of SEQ ID NO:10.
- (Amended) An isolated fragment of α3(IV) NC1 domain, having the amino acid sequence of amino acid residue 180 [181] to amino acid residue 245 [244] of SEQ ID NO:10.

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S-HNC1a



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190	200	210	ZZÓ	TGTCCAGAGGGGACAG	•
				130 140	
PLY	S G F 3 :	FLP	/ Q G N	0 9 4 9 5 5	
15CCACTCTA	AGTGGGTTTTCTT		TACAAGGAAAT	OADDOKSSOBARS	100
111		270	380	390 300	
D L Ja	. Tiloe	c , ,			
AAGACCTTG	AACTOTTGGGAGC	GCCTGCAG	K F T T	H P F L P C	120
nio	320	330	340	ANIGCCATTCTTATTCT	
M 1				350 360	
N V N GCAATGTCAAT	D V C H E	ZASP	ץ כו או	5 Y W L S T	1 40
370	380	390 390	MAATGATTAT	TCATACTGGCTGTCAA	140
		•	400	410 420	
PAL	RPHHH	l a p r	T a p	ALEPYI	
EXCENDETETS		GGCTCCCAT	TACTEGCAGA	A L E P Y I GCCCTTGAGCCTTATA	150
• 	440	450	460	470 480	
SRÍC	T V (* 9	<i>-</i>		140	
TAAGCAG ATG	CACTGTTTGTGAAG	GTCCTGCCx	I A I A	T T D E H V	180
490	500	510	520	JOITCACAGCCAAACCA	
.	_			530 540	
D [P	P C P H G	Y I S	Lwx	GFSFIR	
V sea	₽₽≌¥₽Т©ТСТС¥3 KU. O∂E	-10001175	LCICTGGAAA	G F S F I H	200
			100	590 600	
7 7 8	A G 5 E	g T e e			
TENTENCHAGE	rgcaggttctgagg.	GCACCGGGC:	AAGCACTGGC	TCCCCTGGCTCCTGCC	330
210	9.50	630	640	650 660	
E	RASPF	7 F G		•	
TGGAAGAATTCO	GAGCUAGCCCATT	TCTAGAATG	M G R	G T C H Y Y	240
570	680	690	700		
* 11 -					
S N 5	Y S F W L	A S L	g q K		344
730	ACAG FITC TGGCT(AGGIICATI	uaacce agala	R H F R K P	260
	740	750	760	770 780	
I P S	TVKAS	E t. F	K 1 1		
GTATTCCATCAA		GALTAGA	AAAATAATAA	S R C Q V C GTCGCTGTCAGGTGT	160
730		810	820		
нкк	。***			840	
GCATGAAGAAA	R H				285
850	960	DKOKPANAN DTB	CAGAACTGCT	ATTTTTCATCCTAAA	
		914	860	890 900	
SACAAAGTAA				B. unc	
910				B-HD(C) c	

Fig. 2. Nucleotide and derived amino acid sequence of HGA3.3 exons. Bent arrows indicate the 5'- and 3'-borders of each exon and the heginning of the NC1 domain. The RGD sequence is underlined. The boxed amino acid is different from that previously reported (11). Positions of the oligonucleotides S-HNC1m and B-HNC1c used for PCR amplification of a human a3(IV) cDNA are indicated. Amino Acids 1-67 have not been previously reported (11).

		10						40	
	*	π						-	
CT.X	GKR	GDS GS	PATW	TTR GEV	FTR HSQ	TTA	IPS CPE	GTV PLY	SGF
\	142	7 TO 1	570 OF	FULL LE	ENGTH A3	CHAI	N OF TY	PE IV	>
7									
23	50		60		70		80	*	90
i)	*	*	*	*	*	*	+	*	*
Zer.	77/O	GNO RE	GOD 32	LGT LGS	CLO RFT	TMP	FLF CNV	NDV CNE	ASR
	142	7 TO 1	670 OF	rona Li	ENGTH A3	CHAI	N OF TY	PE IV	>
		., 10 1	01	1022 -					
		100		110		120		130	
	*	*	*	*	+	*	*	*	*
MIN	CITAL	T.ST D7	AT. MIDM	תדם באות	GRA LEP	YIS	RCT VCE	GPA IAI	AVH
MDI	1/12	7 TO 1	1670 OI	FILL L	ENGTH A3	CHA	N OF TY	PE IV	>
		., 10 .							
	140		150		160		170	*	180
	7.40								
	*	*	*	*	•	*	*	*	*
ፍ ስሞ	* TOT								
SQT	* TDI	PPC P	HG WIS	LWK GFS	FIM FTS	AGS	EGT GQA	Las PGS	CLE
SQT	* TDI 142	PPC P	HG WIS	LWK GFS	FIM FTS	AGS	EGT GQA		CLE
SQT	142	PPC PI 27 TO	HG WIS 1670 O	LWK GFS F FULL L	FIM FTS ENGTH A3	AGS CHA	EGT GQA IN OF TY	LAS PGS PE IV	CLE
SQT	142	PPC P: 27 TO :	HG WIS 1670 O	LWK GFS F FULL L 200	FIM FTS ENGTH A3	AGS CHAI	egt gqa In of ty	LAS PGS PE IV	>
	142	PPC PP 27 TO 1 190	HG WIS	LWK GFS F FULL L 200	FIM FTS ENGTH A3	AGS CHA	EGT GQA IN OF TY *	LAS PGS PE IV	>
EFR	142 * : ASP	PPC PP 27 TO : 190 * FLE C	HG WIS	LWK GFS F FULL L 200 * CNY YSN	FIM FTS ENGTH A3 * SYS FWI	AGS CHA 210 ASL	EGT GQA IN OF TY * NPE RMF	LAS PGS PE IV 220 RKF IPS	CLE * *
EFR	142 * : ASP	PPC PP 27 TO : 190 * FLE C	HG WIS	LWK GFS F FULL L 200 * CNY YSN	FIM FTS ENGTH A3 * SYS FWI	AGS CHA 210 ASL	EGT GQA IN OF TY * NPE RMF	LAS PGS PE IV	CLE * *
EFR	* ASP	PPC	HG WIS 1670 OF HG RGT 1670 O	LWK GFS F FULL L 200 * CNY YSN	FIM FTS ENGTH A3 * SYS FWI	AGS CHA 210 ASL	EGT GQA IN OF TY * NPE RMF	LAS PGS PE IV 220 RKF IPS	CLE * *
EFR	* ASP14:	PPC PP 27 TO 1 190 * FLE C 27 TO	HG WIS 1670 OI HG RGT 1670 O	LWK GFS F FULL L 200 * CNY YSN	FIM FTS ENGTH A3 * SYS FWI	AGS CHA 210 ASL	EGT GQA IN OF TY * NPE RMF	LAS PGS PE IV 220 RKF IPS	CLE * *
EFR	ASP 142	PPC PP 27 TO 1 190 * FLE C 27 TO *	HG WIS 1670 OI HG RGT 1670 O	LWK GFS F FULL L 200 * CNY YSN	FIM FTS ENGTH A3 * SYS FWI	AGS CHA 210 ASL	EGT GQA IN OF TY * NPE RMF	LAS PGS PE IV 220 RKF IPS	CLE * *

Fig. 10

Docket/App No.: 40.1027-005

Title: A and Fragments and Methods of Use Thereof

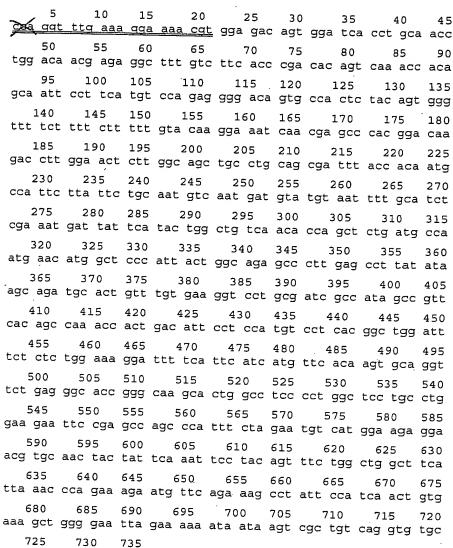
Invento. Raghuram Kalluri

FIG. 18A

pET22b(+) forward prime

5'-CGGGAT CC KGGT TTG AAA GGA AAA CGT-3' (SEQ ID NO:11) pET22b(+) reverse primer:

5'-CCCAAGCTT TCA GTG TCT TTT CTT CAT-3' (SEQ ID NO:12)



(SEQ ID NO:9)

pET22b-α3(IV) NC1 = nucleotides 4 through 725 732 Tumstatin 333 = nucleotides 4 through 375-372 Tumstatin 334 - nucleotide 376 through 735 732 373

<u>atq aaq aaa aqa cac tqa</u>





Docket/App No.: 1027-005

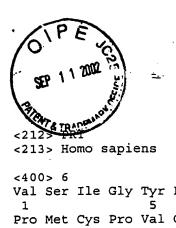
Title: Anti-An ragments and Methods of Use Thereof

Inventors: huram Kalluri

FIG. 18B

10 15 20 25 30 GL KGK RGD SGS PAT WTT RGF VFT RHS QTT AIP SCP EGT VPL YSG 60 65 70 . 75 80 FSF LFV QGN QRA HGQ DLG TLG SCL QRF TTM PFL FCN VND VCN FAS 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 RND YSY WLS TPA LMP MNM API TGR ALE PYI SRC TVC EGP AIA IAV 150 155 160 165 170 HSQ TTD IPP CPH GWI SLW KGF SFI MFT SAG SEG TGQ ALA SPG SCL 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 EEF RAS PFL ECH GRG TCN YYS NSY SFW LAS LNP ERM FRK PIP STV 235 240 KAG ELE KII SRC QVC MKK RH (SEQ ID NO:10)

pET22b α3(IV) NC1 = residues 2 through 245 244 Tumstatin 333 = residues 2 through 125-124 Turnstatin 334 = residues 126 through 245 125



Val Ser Ile Gly Tyr Leu Leu Val Lys His Ser Gln Thr Asp Gln Glu 10 Pro Met Cys Pro Val Gly Met Asn Lys Leu Trp Ser Gly Tyr Ser Leu 25 Leu Tyr Phe Glu Gly Gln Glu Lys Ala His Asn Gln Asp Leu Gly Leu 35 40 Ala Gly Ser Cys Leu Ala Arg Phe Ser Thr Met Pro Phe Leu Tyr Cys 55 Asn Pro Gly Asp Val Cys Tyr Tyr Ala Ser Arg Asn Asp Lys Ser Tyr 70 75 Trp Leu Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Leu Pro Met Met Pro Val Ala Glu Asp 90 85 Glu Ile Lys Pro Tyr Ile Ser Arg Cys Ser Val Cys Glu Ala Pro Ala 105 100 Ile Ala Ile Ala Val His Ser Gln Asp Val Ser Ile Pro His Cys Pro 115 120 125 Ala Gly Trp Arg Ser Leu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ser Phe Leu Met His Thr 140 -135 Ala Ala Gly Asp Glu Gly Gly Gln Ser Leu Val Ser Pro Gly Ser 150 155 Cys Leu Glu Asp Phe Arg Ala Thr Pro Phe Ile Glu Cys Asn Gly Gly 165 170 175 Arg Gly Thr Cys His Tyr Tyr Ala Asn Lys Tyr Ser Phe Trp Leu Thr 185 190 Thr Ile Pro Glu Gln Ser Phe Gln Gly Ser Pro Ser Ala Asp Thr Leu 200 205 Lys Ala Gly Leu Ile Arg Thr His Ile Ser Arg Cys Gln Val Cys Met Lys Asn Leu 225 <210> 7 <211> 27 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220>

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<210> 8 <211> 27 ·

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27

27

<210> 9

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aca acg aga ggc ttt gtc ttc acc cga cac agt caa acc aca gca att Thr Thr Arg Gly Phe Val Phe Thr Arg His Ser Gln Thr Thr Ala Ile

144 cct tca tgt cca gag ggg aca gtg cca ctc tac agt ggg ttt tct ttt Pro Ser Cys Pro Glu Gly Thr Val Pro Leu Tyr Ser Gly Phe Ser Phe

ctt ttt gta caa gga aat caa cga gcc cac gga caa gac ctt gga act 192 Leu Phe Val Gln Gly Asn Gln Arg Ala His Gly Gln Asp Leu Gly Thr

ctt ggc agc tgc ctg cag cga ttt acc aca atg cca ttc tta ttc tgc 🐬 240 Leu Gly Ser Cys Leu Gln Arg Phe Thr Thr Met Pro Phe Leu Phe Cys

aat gtc aat gat gta tgt aat ttt gca tct cga aat gat tat tca tac 288 Asn Val Asn Asp Val Cys Asn Phe Ala Ser Arg Asn Asp Tyr Ser Tyr

336 tgg ctg tca aca cca gct ctg atg cca atg aac atg gct ccc att act Trp Leu Ser Thr Pro Ala Leu Met Pro Met Asn Met Ala Pro Ile Thr 100 105

ggc aga gcc ctt gag cct tat ata agc aga tgc act gtt tgt gaa ggt 384 Gly Arg Ala Leu Glu Pro Tyr Ile Ser Arg Cys Thr Val Cys Glu Gly 120

cet geg ate gee ata gee gtt cae age caa ace act gae att eet eea 432 Pro Ala Ile Ala Ile Ala Val His Ser Gln Thr Thr Asp Ile Pro Pro 135

7/9 480 cct cac ggc tgg att tct ctc tgg aaa gga ttt tca ttc atc atg Cys Pro His Gly Trp Ile Ser Leu Trp Lys Gly Phe Ser Phe Ile Met 150 145 ttc aca agt gca ggt tct gag ggc acc ggg caa gca ctg gcc tcc cct 528 Phe Thr Ser Ala Gly Ser Glu Gly Thr Gly Gln Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro 170 ggc tcc tgc ctg gaa gaa ttc cga gcc agc cca ttt cta gaa tgt cat 576 Gly Ser Cys Leu Glu Glu Phe Arg Ala Ser Pro Phe Leu Glu Cys His 180 624 gga aga gga acg tgc aac tac tat tca aat tcc tac agt ttc tgg ctg Gly Arg Gly Thr Cys Asn Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Ser Tyr Ser Phe Trp Leu 200 672 gct tca tta aac cca gaa aga atg ttc aga aag cct att cca tca act Ala Ser Leu Asn Pro Glu Arg Met Phe Arg Lys Pro Ile Pro Ser Thr 215 210 720 gtg aaa gct ggg gaa tta gaa aaa ata ata agt cgc tgt cag gtg tgc Val Lys Ala Gly Glu Leu Glu Lys Ile Ile Ser Arg Cys Gln Val Cys 230 235 738 atg aag aaa aga cac tga Met Lys Lys Arg His <210> 10 <211> 244 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> PEPTIDE <222> (54)...(245) <223> Tumstatin N53 <221> PEPTIDE <222> (21... (125) 1- 124 <223> Tumstatin 333 <222> (126)...(245) 125-244 <221> PEPTIDE <223> Tumstatin 334 <400> 10 Gly Leu Lys Gly Lys Arg Gly Asp Ser Gly Ser Pro Ala Thr Trp Thr 10 Thr Arg Gly Phe Val Phe Thr Arg His Ser Gln Thr Thr Ala Ile Pro 25 Ser Cys Pro Glu Gly Thr Val Pro Leu Tyr Ser Gly Phe Ser Phe Leu Phe Val Gln Gly Asn Gln Arg Ala His Gly Gln Asp Leu Gly Thr Leu Gly Ser Cys Leu Gln Arg Phe Thr Thr Met Pro Phe Leu Phe Cys Asn



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Val Asn Asp Val Cys Asn Phe Ala Ser Arg Asn Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Trp
                85
Leu Ser Thr Pro Ala Leu Met Pro Met Asn Met Ala Pro Ile Thr Gly
Arg Ala Leu Glu Pro Tyr Ile Ser Arg Cys Thr Val Cys Glu Gly Pro
                             120
                                                  125
Ala Ile Ala Ile Ala Val His Ser Gln Thr Thr Asp Ile Pro Pro Cys
                         135
                                              140
Pro His Gly Trp Ile Ser Leu Trp Lys Gly Phe Ser Phe Ile Met Phe
145
                     150
                                         155
Thr Ser Ala Gly Ser Glu Gly Thr Gly Gln Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Gly
                165
                                     170
Ser Cys Leu Glu Glu Phe Arg Ala Ser Pro Phe Leu Glu Cys His Gly
                                 185
            180
                                                      190
Arg Gly Thr Cys Asn Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Ser Tyr Ser Phe Trp Leu Ala
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Ser Leu Asn Pro Glu Arg Met Phe Arg Lys Pro Ile Pro Ser Thr Val
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